## :THERTLETE72

## The most important and simple rule to financial success.

How are Albert Einstein and the Rule of 72 related?

Albert Einstein


## $\mathrm{T}=\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{I}+\mathrm{I} / \mathrm{N})^{\mathrm{YN}}$

Credited for discovering the mathematical equation for compounding interest

## *THERULE TET2

How long it will take for money to double using compounding interest

$$
\mathrm{T}=\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{I}+\mathrm{I} / \mathrm{N})^{\mathrm{YN}}
$$

The interest rate an investment must earn to double in a time period

How many times money will double in a specified time period

## * Things to know about the Rule of 72

It's only an
approximation

## Assumes the

 interest rate stays constantDoes not allow for additional payments to original amount

Does not account for taxes

## Financial Risk Pyramid



## *Doug's

## Certificate of Deposit

Doug invested \$2,500
into a Certificate of Deposit earning a $4 \%$ interest rate. How long will it take Doug' s investment to double?

○ Invested \$2,500
○ Interest Rate is 4\%
$72=18$ years to double investment
4\%

## * Another Example

The average stock market return since 1926 has been 11\%
$72=6.5$ years to double investment
11\%

Therefore, historically, every 6.5 years investments in the stock market have doubled

## Financial Risk Pyramid



## A Stock Investment Example

*An investment of \$5,000 made today, with a return of $5 \%$ will take how many years to double?
$\frac{72}{5.5 \%}=$ I3.I years to double investment
*Value of the investment in 13.1 years $=\$ 10,000$

* Can the Rule be applied to


## debt?

## YES

# *It can show how fast a debt can double 

*It can show the impact of interest rates on debt

## * Jessica's Credit Card Debt

* Jessica has a \$2,200 balance on her credit card with an $18 \%$ interest rate.
* If Jessica chooses to not make any payments and does not receive late charges, how long will it take for her balance to double?


## \$2,200 balance on credit card 18\% interest rate

$72=4$ years to double debt
18\%

## *Sylvia's Debt

## * $\$ 2,200$ balance on credit card

## * 22\% interest rate

$72=3.27$ years to double debt
22\%

## *Jacob's Car

* Jacob currently has $\$ 5,000$ that he wants to invest in a car after he graduates in 4 years. What interest rate will he need to double his money?

○ \$5,000 to invest
○ Wants investment to double in 4 years

$$
72=18 \% \text { interest rate }
$$

4 years

## *Rhonda's Treasury Note

Rhonda is 22 years old and would like to invest $\$ 2,500$ into a U.S. Treasury Note earning $3.25 \%$ interest. How many times will Rhonda's investment double before she withdraws it at age 66 1/2?

| $72=22.2$ years | Age | Investment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $3.25 \%$ <br> to double <br> investment | 22 | $\$ 2,500$ |
|  | 44.2 | $\$ 5,000$ |
|  | 66.4 | $\$ 10,000$ |

## *Seth's Investment

- $\mathbf{2}, 500$ invested at age 18

○ $5 \%$ interest
○ How many times will investment double by age 62?

## $72=14.4$ years

5\% to double investment

| Age | Investment |
| :---: | :---: |
| 18 | $\$ 2,500$ |
| 32.4 | $\$ 5,000$ |
| 46.8 | $\$ 10,000$ |
| 61.2 | $\$ 20,000$ |

## A person can choose to invest into two types of accounts:

## Taxed Account - taxes

 are paid on money before it is invested
## Tax Deferred Account -

 taxes are not paid until the individual withdraws the money from the investment
## *Taxes Example

* George is in the 33\% tax bracket. He would like to invest $\$ 100,000$, and is comparing two accounts that have a 6\% interest rate.
\#1 An account that uses money on which George has already paid tax.


## \#2 An account that is tax-deferred until he withdraws the money.

Which account should George choose?

## * Effects of taxes

Taxed Account Earning 4\% after taxes

$\frac{72}{4 \%}=$| 18 years |
| :--- |
| to double investment |

Tax Deferred Account

| $\frac{72}{6 \%}=$ | 12 years |
| ---: | :--- |
|  | to double <br> investment |


| Years | Taxable | Tax <br> Deferred |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12 |  | $\$ 200,000$ |
| 18 | $\$ 200,000$ |  |
| 24 |  | $\$ 400,000$ |
| 36 | $\$ 400,000$ | $\$ 800,000$ |

## * The Rule of 72

## How long it will take for money to double using compounding interest

The interest rate an investment must earn to double in a time period

$$
T=P(1+I / N)^{Y N}
$$

## * Things to know about the Rule of 72

It's only an approximation

## Assumes the

 interest rate stays constantDoes not allow for additional payments to original amount

Does not account for taxes

## *Any questions?

